

Among the country
newspapers of America
the Bedford Gazette is
a model.—New York
World.

BEDFORD GAZETTE

State Library July 1912



VOLUME 106, NO. 42

BEDFORD, PA. THURSDAY, JULY 4, 1912

ESTABLISHED IN 1805

WOODROW WILSON

Biographical Sketch of Choice of
Baltimore Convention as

STANDARD-BEARER

Born in Virginia—Thoroughly Educated—Governor of New Jersey—President of Princeton.

Dr. Woodrow Wilson was born at Staunton, Va., on December 28, 1856. He is the son of Dr. Joseph R. Wilson, a Presbyterian minister, and the grandson of Judge James Wilson, an Irishman of Scotch descent who migrated from County Down to Philadelphia in 1807. James Wilson prospered and became manager of the Aurora, a leading Democratic journal, Philadelphia then being the national capital.

At Steubenville, O., Joseph Ruggles Wilson, the father of Woodrow Wilson, was born on February 28, 1822. He was the scion of James Wilson's family. In 1849 Joseph R. Wilson married Janet Woodrow, daughter of Dr. Thomas Woodrow, a famous Presbyterian minister of the day, who was a descendant from ancient English stock. Rev. Mr. Wilson became the father of two daughters before he was called as pastor to Staunton, Va., where a third child, a son, was born and christened Thomas Woodrow.

When Thomas Woodrow was two years old his father took a pastorate in Augusta, Ga., and soon became one of the most noted ministers of the South.

Tommy Wilson, the Augusta schoolboy, is described by Prof. John T. Derby, one of his teachers, as quiet and exceptionally studious. The most important instructor of young Wilson, however, was his father, a man of wide information on the affairs of the world.

The Wilsons moved from Augusta to Columbia, S. C., in 1870. Dr. Wilson resigning his pastorate to take the Chair of Pastoral and Evangelistic Theology in the Southern Presbyterian Theological Seminary at Columbia. Tommy attended Charles Parnell's private school. At the age of 17 he entered Davidson College at Davidson, N. C.

He did not finish the year at Davidson, for he fell ill before examinations came on and was taken to his home, now at Wilmington, N. C., where his father had taken a pastorate. Here Wilson took things comparatively easy for a year. Except for tutoring in Greek and a few other studies that he thought might be necessary for entrance to Princeton, he busied himself with reading, looking up the historic points of the city and with the social uplift of the city.

In September, 1875, he entered Princeton College. About this time he dropped his Christian name Thomas, and became known as Woodrow Wilson.

Woodrow Wilson attained prominence among his mates in the "famous class of '79." No less than 42 of the 122 graduates of '79 proved to be "honor men" having an average of 90 per cent or better for the four years' course. Wilson got in among them; he ranked forty-first.

Besides being a good student at Princeton, Wilson became managing editor of the college paper and was prominent in undergraduate activities. He spent a great deal of his time in the College library, specializing on government, the theory of it, and the lives of political leaders. To this he added assiduous practice in writing and extemporaneous speaking. He belonged to Whig Hall and the Liberal Debating Club.

At the age of 22 he signalized the closing days of his undergraduate work at Princeton by breaking into the International Review, in its issue of August, 1879, with an article entitled, "Cabinet Government in the United States." The article contrasted British and American systems of government.

In the fall of 1879 Wilson took up the law course at the University of Virginia, where he indulged in a long, drooping moustache, and in membership in the glee club. "She Sleeps, My Lady Sleeps" is shown by old programs of university concerts to have been one of Wilson's tenor solos.

In May 1882 he carried his law diploma and an oratorical prize to Atlanta, Ga., where he opened an office for the practice of law. The office, however, did not prosper; and after eighteen leisure months he gave up.

The Atlanta experiment, however, was far from fruitless. Although litigants gave him nothing to do, he was not idle. He improved his time by securing the promise of Miss Ellen Louise Axson to be his wife. The Axsons were a prominent Georgia lowlands family. The young couple were married in 1875.

In 1885 appeared "Congressional Government, A Study of Government by Committee" by Woodrow Wilson. The bulk of the labor on this volume was done during Wilson's two-year course in science of government in Johns Hopkins University, which conferred upon the author the degree of Ph. D.

In the fall of 1885 Mr. Wilson began teaching political economy to the girls of Bryn Mawr. From this institution he went to Wesleyan University where he remained until called to Princeton in 1890 to occupy the chair of jurisprudence and politics. In 1902 he was elected president of Princeton.

President Wilson made it clear at the start that conditions at the University were to be changed, and

wether for better or for worse, to be changed radically. He stated that colleges needed to be revolutionized, and went so far as to say he would endeavor to graduate students as unlike their fathers as possible."

His policies kept him in almost continuous conflict with the University trustees and professors.

In May 1910 the Graduate College of Princeton University became the legatee of a three million dollar estate which could not be accepted without sacrificing Wilson's policies. The money was accepted. The President's resignation did not come, however, until after the New Jersey State Democratic Convention, on September 15, 1910, had nominated him for the governorship. In the following November New Jersey went Democratic for the first time since 1892 and elected Wilson by a large majority.

The spare, well-formed, gray-eyed man started his campaign by ordering the state chairman of his party out of office, never to return. He also forced through a Democratic Assembly and Republican Senate a direct primary and election law which takes the organization of both parties in New Jersey out of the hands of the bosses.

The earliest record mentioned of Woodrow Wilson as a Presidential possibility is in the form of a letter written by some one in Indianapolis to the News of that city at the time of Wilson's inauguration as president of Princeton. This faint boom was revived on February 3, 1906, at the Lotus Club, New York, where Mr. Wilson was the guest of honor. On that occasion Col. George Harvey mentioned him as a possible candidate for the Presidential nomination.

It was as an author that Mr. Wilson first achieved a degree of fame outside of Princeton. As an author he is now well known. His largest literary achievement is his five volume "History of the American People."

As to his reasons for writing the history, he has said:

"I wanted to make my own conceptions of American history definite, and I wanted others to see American history and American men as I myself have."

A course of lectures delivered at Columbia University in 1908 contained the substance of his first book "Congressional Government," and they were brought up to date by his attempt to show how in the years between 1886 and 1908 responsibility gravitated toward the President of the United States.

Mr. Wilson's second book, "The State," is used as a text book in many schools and colleges. This was followed by two books of essays. Then came "George Washington," and "The History of the American People."

Mr. Wilson has made countless educational addresses, and has written a great number of essays on political, educational and economic topics which have never been put into book form. His style in writing is clear and vigorous and his diction, both in writing and speaking, is noteworthy for its choiceness.

Installation Services

Rev. R. W. Illingworth, who was called to the pastorate of the Bedford Presbyterian Church in May, was installed with the usual services Thursday night, June 27.

Revs. Bird of Altoona and Snook of Mann's Choice were the officiating clergymen and were a committee sent by the Presbytery of Huntingdon to conduct the installation.

The former preached the sermon and delivered the charge to the people and Mr. Snook charged the pastor. Rev. H. E. Wieand, pastor of the Lutheran Church of Bedford, offered the prayer of installation. Mrs. Sammel presided at the organ and the choir led in the musical services. The benediction was pronounced by the pastor.

Marriage Licenses

Lemuel Kinsey and Anna C. Wertz, of Pavia.

Francis P. Curley of Post Richmond, Staten Island, N. Y., and Mary Catharine Garber of Pittsburgh.

William T. Morehead and Lottie G. Ingalls, of Bedford Township.

Andrew L. Wagner of Akron, O., and Vera Belle Steele of Hopewell.

Rev. Reisch Called

At a congregational meeting of the members of Christ Lutheran Church, Harrisburg, on Monday, Rev. Thomas J. Reisch, B. D., for several years pastor of the Lutheran Church at Hollidaysburg, was extended a call.

Rev. Reisch has filled the pulpit of Trinity Church here on several occasions and is well known by a number of people in this county.

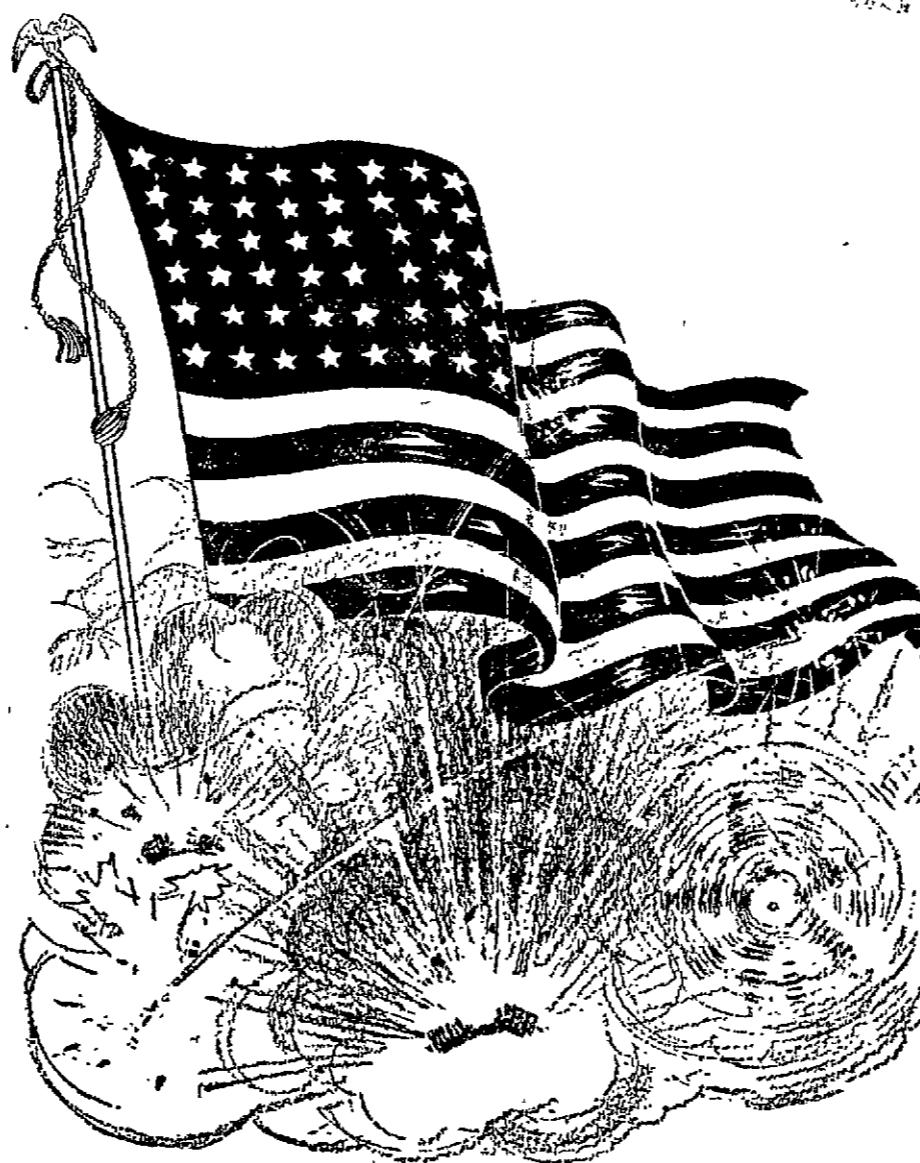
Union Ministerium

A union ministerium meeting was held on Monday, July 1, in the Sunday School room of St. John's Reformed Church, Bedford, Rev. J. A. Eyer of the Reformed ministerium presiding.

Prayer was offered by Rev. Matter of Everett. Rev. H. C. Salem of St. Clairsville read a splendid paper on the Third Article of the Augsburg Confession, "The Person of Christ." Rev. Wieand of Bedford also read a most excellent and well-prepared paper on "The Present Day Social Problem." Rev. E. M. Adair of Mann's Choice delivered a forceful sermon on "The Beauty of Holiness." Rev. J. A. Eyer read a production on "The Motive of Worship."

The names of those present are as follows: Of the Lutheran Church, Revs. Matter, Zinn, Wieand, Slonaker, Salem and Minnemier; of the Reformed Church, Revs. J. A. Eyer, C. Gumbert, E. M. Adair, J. C. Knable and E. A. G. Hermann.

DAY OF OLD GLORY



MENTIONED IN BRIEF

Many Items of Interest From Town and County.

At Northside Park last Friday the Coaldale baseball team defeated the Bedford nine by the score of 7 to 5.

A. B. Egolf has sold the large farm in Fulton County which has been advertised in the Gazette, to C. A. Bard of Pittsburgh.

Miss Marian S. Ritchey of Everett and Homer Bowers of Hopewell were graduated from Millersville Normal School last week.

Rev. E. A. Snock will preach in Saxton Presbyterian Church next Sabbath at 10:30 a. m. and in Everett Presbyterian same day at 7:30 p. m.

A number of motocyclists will arrive here Sunday evening, June 14, spending the night at The Springs. They will make the run from Baltimore to Columbus, O., in four days.

P. A. Bellas, secretary of the Six Counties Farmers' Exchange, Schellsburg, since its formation, on June 19 resigned his position. The office is now in charge of A. B. Ross.

The Young Ladies' Bible Class of the Church of God at Saxton will hold a market in the Weaver building, opposite the depot, Saturday, July 6. Refreshments, cakes, pies and various other things will be sold.

Friday evening of last week Mrs. William Brice, Jr., gave a shower for Mrs. George Points, at which about 60 were present and all enjoyed the evening. Many pretty and useful presents were received by the bride of a few weeks.

TOURISTS AT SPRINGS

Owners of Fords Spend Day at Bedford's Popular Resort.

As a result of a run of Ford cars, mostly from Somerset County, 38 cars were to be seen in a string on the Springs lawn last Sunday at noon and 200 tourists dined at our popular resort. The delegation from over the mountain would have been much larger had it not rained in the neighboring county the preceding night.

General Agent Stahl of Somerset and his party were met on the mountain by L. D. Bleckwelder, of Blackwelder and Pepple, local agents for the Ford, and a party of Bedford friends. The run was made from Somerset in less than two hours and the tourists expressed themselves as well pleased with the new state road and with The Springs.

A delegation from Saxton helped to swell the crowd.

The tourists arrived here about 10:30 and remained until 3 p. m.

As is the custom of Ford cars, they all kept moving and no trouble of any kind was experienced in the run to Bedford except one puncture. Another run will be arranged for.

Shaffer-Longenecker

Howard Melvin Shaffer of Hyndman and Miss Bertha Longenecker of near Baker's Summit were united in marriage at the bride's home on Saturday, June 29, in the presence of over one hundred guests. The ceremony was performed by Rev. Calvin Skyles of Loysburg. The bride was attended by her sister, Miss Anna Longenecker, as bridesmaid, and Mr. Karp of Hyndman was groomsman.

The bride is a graduate of the Shippensburg State Normal and was one of the county's most successful school teachers. The bridegroom is also successful teacher and a graduate of Lock Haven State Normal School. He has been chosen as principal of the Hopewell schools for the coming term.

Geller-Smith

A very pretty wedding took place at the home of the bride in Mann's Choice on Wednesday, June 26, when Harry E. Geller of Pittsburgh and Miss Emma Blanch, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Frank W. Smith, of Mann's Choice, were united in marriage by Rev. Emmet M. Adair, Ph. D., pastor of Grace Reformed Church.

The bride was attended by Miss Mary Geller of West End and James Egolf was the best man.

"Five Hundred" Party

Last Friday evening Miss Edith Smith entertained a number of friends at a "500" party at her home, the Corle House. Dainty refreshments were served and all enjoyed the occasion.

Those present were Misses Katherine Street, Cumberland; Helen and Hazel Barnett, Margaret Cromwell, Rose Lutz, Elizabeth Metzger, Helen Cessna, and Florence Smith, and Messrs. Lawrence Gilchrist, Ray Plank, Russell Blackburn, Henderson Points, Cloyd Doty, Alexander Russell, Robert Amos, John Hughes and Joe Amos, all of Bedford.

Council Notes

The regular monthly meeting of the Borough Council was held Monday evening with all members present except Councilman White.

Bills to the amount of \$391.57 were approved for payment. Burgess Corle reported one arrest during June, \$5 fines and \$10 license collected. Treasurer Davidson reported \$884.30 paid out and \$877.29 received during the month; balance, \$614.12, water \$1,129.86.

A permit was granted J. C. Smith to add a two-story addition, 17 by 23 feet, to his residence on South Juliana Street. It will be cased with brick and have slate roof.

Todd reservoir was reported two feet below overflow while Milburn reservoir is nearly running over.

The borough policeman was directed to arrest all persons exceeding the speed limit.

The Gazette has the largest fully-paid bona fide subscription list in the county.

PERSONAL NOTES

Arrivals and Departures of Residents and Visitors.

IN THE SOCIAL WORLD

The Column Everybody Reads—Chas About Your Friends and Neighbors—Here and There.

Miss Edna Fulton of Saxton is the guest this week of Miss Lulu Naus.

Mrs. William C. Barnhart and two sons are visiting in Pittsburgh.

Mrs. H. B. Knisely of Friend's Cove spent a day in town recently.

Capt. Josiah Hissong of Point spent Tuesday in town.

Mr. Herbert Davidson of Altoona spent over Sunday with home folks.

Mr. Charles Amos of Guatemala, C. A., is visiting relatives here.

Mr. George F. Engle of Windber visited friends here this week.

Misses Agnes Leasure and Annie Wills are visiting in Rochester.

Miss Anna Radcliffe is spending her vacation with home folks at Salisbury.

Mr. Louis Saupp returned on Tuesday from an extended visit to Baltimore and Washington.

Mrs. Rebecca Klutz returned last Friday from a visit with relatives at Homestead.

Mr. E. A. Hersberger of Wolfsburg found time to call at our sanctuary while in town on Monday.

Mr. George Bush of Bedford Township was a business visitor here on Monday.

Mrs. S. H. Sell and daughter Leone returned last evening from a visit in Nebraska.

Mr. Charles A. Koontz of Friend's Cove was among Saturday's visitors at our office.

Miss Ada Calhoun of Mench was a guest this week at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Frank H. Brightbill.

Mr. Harry Burns of Springhope was a recent Bedford visitor and caller at our office.

Dr. W. D. Hughes and son William, of Hollidaysburg, were recent guests of the former's brother, Mr. Patrick Hughes.

Miss Emma Little of Saxton is the guest of her brother and sister-in-law, Mr. and Mrs. Alvin L. Little, at the Andrae.

Miss Virginia Hopkins of Baltimore arrived here on Saturday to spend some time with her niece, Miss Kathleen Tate.

Mr. and Mrs. William J. Weaverling, of Coffeyville, Kas., were guests on Sunday of Mrs. Rebecca Klutz, West Street.

Mrs. Guy Rorbaugh and son William, of Jersey Shore, are guests of Mrs. Rorbaugh's father, Rev. W. V. Ganoe.

Miss Adelaide Russell of Chicago was a guest a few days this week at the home of her uncle, Mr. J. Frank Russell, South Richard Street.

900 DROPS
CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of *Chas H. Fletcher*.
In Use For Over Thirty Years
CASTORIA

Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral. **NOT NARCOTIC.**

Recipe of Old Dr. SAMUEL PITCHER
Pumpkin Seeds—
Alocasia Seeds—
Rockelle Seeds—
Aloe Seeds—
Lavender—
Cinnamon Seeds—
Worm Seeds—
Clarified Sopar—
Whitewater Flavor

A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.

Fac-Simile Signature of *Chas H. Fletcher*, NEW YORK.

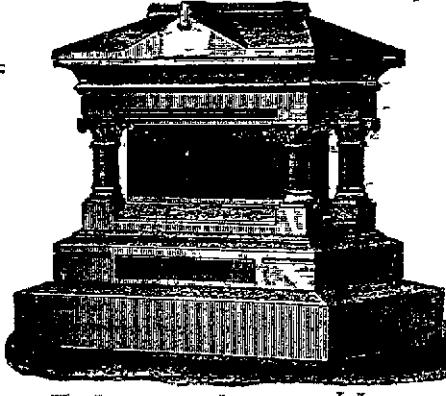
ACCORDING TO DR. PITCHER
35 DOSES—35 CENTS

EXACT COPY OF WRAPPER.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

Keystone Granite and Marble Works**OTTO BROS., Proprietors**
BEDFORD, PA.

Large stock to select from; work done either by hand or machine; set with leaded joints on concrete foundations by one of the firm and not by a disinterested party.

Place your orders now and avoid the rush in the spring.
Office and yard two doors west of Court House.**Diseases of the EYE, EAR, NOSE AND THROAT**

carefully treated.

Special attention given to Testing the Eyes and the Fitting of Glasses.

Office Hours Daily except Sunday.

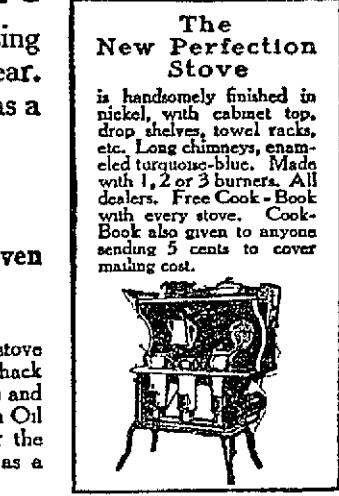
Both Phones.

A. C. WOLF, M. D.
BEDFORD, PA.**Good Meals at Camp Comfort**

The boys at Camp Comfort are using the same stove that they had last year. It was the best they could get. It was a

New Perfection Oil Cook-stoveThis year they got a New Perfection Oven
Also a New Perfection Toaster
Also a New Perfection Broiler

"Gee, what a difference in the meals a good stove makes," said one of the boys. So they called their shack "Camp Comfort." And they will tell their mothers and wives about the stove, too. For the New Perfection Oil Cook-stove is as convenient for the home as for the camp. It will bake, broil, roast and toast as well as a regular coal range.

THE ATLANTIC REFINING COMPANY
753 The Bourse, Philadelphia**The Girl and the Flag**

Oh, here's to the girl and the flag we love—
And nothing our love can sever,
No matter the trail of our wayward feet,
Our girl and our flag—forever!

She sits on her throne in the mottled shade,
A crown on her curly tresses,
And over her gaily the old flag floats
In a flutter of love's carousals!

And always I see them with tear-dimmed eyes.
The maid and the flag—but never
For me shall exist but these—
Our girl and our flag—forever!



Not Qualified.

The Ladies' committee on the celebration of the Fourth was discussing the proposed program of exercises.

"I think," suggested a dimpled blonde, "that it would be awful nice to have some man with a good voice read the Declaration of Independence."

At this juncture a woman with a square jaw and deepset eyes observed:

"It might be well, but I am opposed to having a married man read the document. It does not do to allow them to encourage themselves too much."

"THE GLORIOUS FOURTH."

Mr. Prosy—My boy, do you know why you are celebrating this grand day?

Kid—'Cause Uncle Ed, he give me a quarter to do it with!

Their Busy Day.

"Who?" shouted the impassioned orator, "who among us has any cause to be happier than his neighbor on this glorious day of the nation's birth?"

A man with his head bandaged and both hands in a sling, arose in the rear of the hall and exclaimed:

"The doctors!"

Trouble Ahead.

Clancy—Phwats all th' thruble in th' alleys beyant?

Hogan—Some o' th' b'ys fed Casey's goat a dozen av these cannon crackers an' now dhey's thrlyn' t' git him t'ate a box of matches.

Real Patriotism.

A good citizen is always a patriot. That's the best way in the world to show patriotism.



Rules Jefferson Lived By

The hundred and sixtieth anniversary of the birth of Thomas Jefferson was celebrated with a big banquet in Indianapolis April 13. In this connection Jefferson's ten rules of life, which follow, will be of interest:

1. Never put off till tomorrow what you can do today.

2. Never trouble another for what you can do yourself.

3. Never spend money before you have it.

4. Never buy what you do not want because it is cheap; it will be dear to you.

5. Pride costs us more than hunger, thirst and cold.

6. We never repent of having eaten too little.

7. Nothing is troublesome that we do willingly.

8. How much pain have cost us the evils which have never happened.

9. Take things away by their smooth handle.

10. When angry, count ten before you speak; if very angry, a hundred.

Here are some of the great principles of government advocated by Mr. Jefferson in his first inaugural address, March 4, 1801:

Equal and exact justice to all men, of whatever state of persuasion, religious or political.

Peace, commerce and honest friendship with all nations, entangling alliances with none.

The support of the state governments in all their rights as the most



Grave of the Author of the Declaration of Independence.

competent administrations for our domestic concerns and the surest bulwarks against anti-republican tendencies.

The preservation of the general government in its whole constitutional vigor, as the sheet anchor of our peace at home and safety abroad.

A jealous care of the right of election by the people.

A mild and safe corrective of abuses which are lopped by the sword of revolution, where peaceful remedies are unprovided.

Absolute acquiescence in the decisions of the majority, the vital principles of republics, from which there is no appeal but to force the vital principle and immediate parent of despotism.

A well disciplined militia, our best reliance and for the first moments of war until regulars may relieve them.

The supremacy of the civil over the military authority—economy in the public expense, that labor may be lightly burdened.

The honest payment of our debts and sacred preservation of the public faith.

The diffusion of information and arraignment of all abuses at the bar of public reason.

Freedom of religion, freedom of the press, and freedom of person under the protection of habeas corpus.

Trial by juries impartially elected.

These principles form the bright constellation which has gone before us, and guided our steps through an age of revolution and reformation. The wisdom of our sages and blood of our heroes have been devoted to their attainment; they should be the creed of our political faith; the text of civic instruction; the touchstone by which to try the service of those we trust; and should we wander from them in moments of error or of alarm, let us hasten to retrace our steps and to regain the road which alone leads to peace, liberty and safety."

"The Fourth."

"A century and more has passed, and as the foundations of this government are more firmly settled, as the structure reared by the fathers now spans the continent from ocean to ocean; and has victoriously established its right to be, political liberty has ceased to be, the mere dream of the enthusiast, and has become the everyday fact of the men of thought and action in the world. This was the first step; and we are here to glory in it, and to boast of those ancestors who suffered and toiled and fought to accomplish it."—David J. Brewer.

CONWAY HALL
School for Boys
Carlisle, Pa.
A first-class preparatory school with approved courses, experienced teachers, complete equipment. This school aims to develop strong men. Rates \$300 to \$350. Catalogue free on request.
W. A. BUTCHISON, Pres. D. Headmaster.

PARTITION PROCEEDINGS

[In the Estate of Jacob Corl, late of Union Township, Bedford County, Pennsylvania, deceased.]

The heirs and all parties in interest will take notice that in pursuance of an order of the Orphans' Court of Bedford County a writ of partition has been issued from said court to the Sheriff of said county, returnable on Monday, the 2nd day of September, 1912, and that the inquest will meet for the purpose of making partition of the real estate of said decedent consisting of a messuage, tenement and tract of land situate in the Township of Union aforesaid, containing two hundred acres, more or less, adjoining lands of Isaac Feather on the north, lands of Aaron Claar, Philip Ickes and Jeremiah Weant on the east, lands of Joseph U. Gordon, George Whysong and the heirs of Mary Ann Coil on the south, and lands of Eli Berkley, George W. Shafe and the heirs of Mary Ann Corl on the west, on the 12th day of August, 1912, at 1:30 p.m. of said day, upon the premises, at which time and place you can be present, if you see proper.

GRANT DODSON, Sheriff.

To Catharine Smith's heirs.—Rebecca Ickes, Jane Mason, Alice Weyant, Eliza Beard, Lucinda Gordon, Ida Coil, George Corl, Elycum Corl.

Sheriff's Office, June 27th, 1912.

B. F. MADORE, Attorney 6-28-61

PARTITION PROCEEDINGS

[In the Estate of Mary Ann Corl, late of Union Township, Bedford County, Pennsylvania, deceased.]

The heirs and all parties in interest will take notice that in pursuance of an order of the Orphans' Court of Bedford County a writ of partition has been issued from said court to the Sheriff of said county, returnable on Monday, the 2nd day of September, 1912, and that the inquest will meet for the purpose of making partition of the real estate of said decedent consisting of a messuage, tenement and tract of land situate in the Township of Union aforesaid, containing sixteen acres, more or less, adjoining lands of Jacob Corl, Jr., heirs on the north and east, lands of Joseph U. Gordon on the south, and lands of George Whysong and Isaac Whysong on the west, on the 12th day of August, 1912, at 2:30 p.m. of said day, upon the premises, at which time and place you can be present, if you see proper.

GRANT DODSON, Sheriff.

To Catharine Smith's heirs.—Rebecca Ickes, Jane Mason, Alice Weyant, Eliza Beard, Lucinda Gordon, Ida Coil, George Corl, Elycum Corl.

Sheriff's Office, June 27th, 1912.

B. F. MADORE, Attorney 6-28-61

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE

[Estate of Henry P. Beegle, late of Bedford Township, Bedford County, Pa., deceased.]

Letters testamenteary having been granted the undersigned executor named in the last will and testament of Henry P. Beegle, late of Bedford Township, Bedford County, Pa., deceased, all persons having claims or demands against the estate of the said decedent are hereby notified to present the same without delay for payment, and all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make prompt payment of the same.

SAMUEL M. BEEGLE, ALVIN L. LITTLE, Executor. Attorney May 30-61

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE

[Estate of Thomas B. Wisegarver, late of Schellsburg Borough, Bedford County, Pa., deceased.]

Letters of administration on the above estate having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to the said estate are requested to make prompt payment, and those having claims to present the same without delay to

ALVIN L. LITTLE, Administrator. June 7-61

WELL DRILLING

We are prepared to do all kinds of Well Drilling at reasonable prices. Our machinery is the best for the purpose. We can drill holes from 6 to 14 inches in diameter, any depth. For prices call on or write WM. BRICE JR., Bedford, Pa. or

WM. A. WALTER, Somerset, Penna.

J. REED IRVINE JUSTICE OF THE PEACE

Life, Fire, Accident and Health Insurance

Why not get the Mutual Benefit Life Insurance Company's proposition at your age? We have no fear of comparison. "It's the Policy Holder's Company."

Heavy, impure blood makes a muddy, pimply complexion, headaches, nausea, indigestion. Thin blood makes you weak, pale and sickly. For pure blood, sound digestion, use Burdock Blood Bitters. \$1 at all stores.

SEND THEM TO
FOOTER'S
Everything You Have to be Cleaned or Dyed.
Do Not Mistake the Name--FOOTER'S DYE WORKS.
W. C. McCLINTIC, Authorized Agent.

Clancy—Phwats all th' thruble in th' alleys beyant?

Hogan—Some o' th' b'ys fed Casey's goat a dozen av these cannon crackers an' now dhey's thrlyn' t' git him t'ate a box of matches.

Mr. Prosy—My boy, do you know why you are celebrating this grand day?

Kid—'Cause Uncle Ed, he give me a quarter to do it with!

Their Busy Day.

Who? shouted the impassioned orator, "who among us has any cause to be happier than his neighbor on this glorious day of the nation's birth?"

A man with his head bandaged and both hands in a sling, arose in the rear of the hall and exclaimed:

The doctors!

Trouble Ahead.

Clancy—Phwats all th' thruble in th' alleys beyant?

Hogan—Some o' th' b'ys fed Casey's goat a dozen av these cannon crackers an' now dhey's thrlyn' t' git him t'ate a box of matches.

Mr. Prosy—My boy, do you know why you are celebrating this grand day?

Kid—'Cause Uncle Ed, he give me a quarter to do it with!

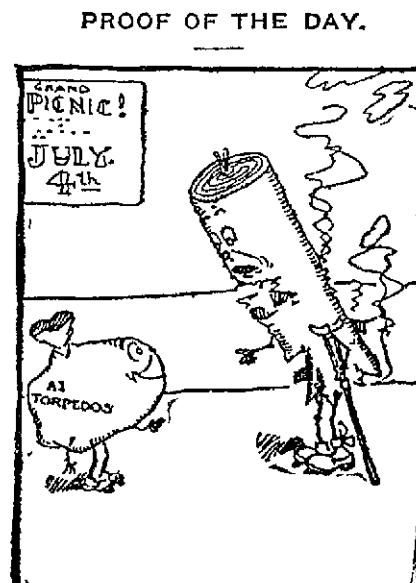
Their Busy Day.

Real Patriotism.

A good citizen is always a patriot. That's the best way in the world to show patriotism.

Mr. Torpedo—Well, you certainly must have celebrated!

Mr. Cracker—Yes; can't you see I'm completely busted?



Mr. Torpedo—Well, you certainly must have celebrated!

Mr. Cracker—Yes; can't you see I'm completely busted?

Bedford Gazette

ESTABLISHED IN 1805

S. A. VAN ORMER,
Editor and Publisher.

The Gazette is the leading newspaper of Bedford County and its circulation is far ahead of any of its contemporaries. As an advertising medium it is one of the best in this part of the state.

Regular subscription price per year \$1.50, payable in advance.

Card of Thanks, 50c; Resolutions, \$1.00.

All communications should be addressed to

Gazette Publishing Co.,
Bedford, Pa.

THURSDAY MORNING JULY 4, 1912

Democratic Nominations

STATE

ROBERT E. CRESWELL
of Cambria County
State Treasurer
WILLIAM H. BERRY
of Delaware County
Congressmen-At-Large
GEORGE B. SHAW
of Westmoreland County
JOSEPH HOWLEY
of Allegheny County
GEORGE B. MCLEAN
of Luzerne County
E. E. GREENAWALT
of Lancaster County

COUNTY

Member of Congress
WARREN WORTH BAILEY
of Cambria County
General Assembly
HON. JOHN T. MATT
of Everett

WOODROW WILSON WILL WIN

In the selection of Woodrow Wilson at Baltimore on Tuesday the Democratic National Convention chose wisely, for from all signs now apparent he will be the next President of the United States.

Woodrow Wilson, the finished scholar, the fluent writer and the profound student of history and of economics, is beyond question mentally well qualified to assume the burdens that naturally rest upon the one chosen by his fellowmen to fill the position of the Nation's Chief Executive.

Intellectually well qualified, he possesses in marked degree the other essentials in the make-up of a statesman of Presidential calibre: he is honest and straightforward and he has the courage of his convictions. That he is keen in discerning is amply proved in his writings and that he is possessed of character and is moved to action by a strong moral sense has been demonstrated with sufficient frequency to make sure of it by his acts as president of Princeton University and as Governor of New Jersey. With many of the board of trustees of the great institution of learning opposed to his policies and plans he pushed right on regardless of endangering his position at the head of the university, and as Governor he was none the less courageous in carrying out his plans—in fighting the battles that resulted in good to the neighbor state and to her people, despite the organized opposition of the political bosses that had too long dominated.

Another reason for confidence in his success is the fact that he is backed by a united Democracy while the opposition is in a marked state of division. While progressive his acts depend upon his judgment as to the right or wrong cause and his mind is trained to weigh and to discriminate and to judge accurately. Being progressive and constructive, he will naturally draw from the independents while losing none or few of the so-called conservative element of his own party, for he has an abiding faith in the fundamental law of the land and would not shatter the firm foundations of the government.

Again he is free—free to act for the whole people, for he owes not his nomination to any interest or interests.

Then, too, he stands on a platform that takes into account the plain people in its declarations and does not bid for the influence of the trusts by advocating tariff legislation in their favor.

He is a fine type of cultured American citizen and statesman, moral and courageous; he enjoys the confidence of the people; he merits success and will be elected President of the United States by the Democrats and the thousands of independent Republicans who will no longer do the bidding of the bosses who represent the privileged classes—thousands of those who are tired of broken promises and disregarded pledges; independents in the sense that they have reached the stage in which their manhood will no longer permit them to vote "for party right or wrong."

WILSON TO TAKE CARE OF HIS OWN

Bills of "Strapped" Delegates To Be Paid By Committee

ARGUMENT VS FISTICUFFS

Bryan's Old Eulogium of Clark Started Trouble — Streets Packed Near Convention Hall—25,000 "Outside Lookin' In."

Seagirt, N. J.—A pledge of \$5,000 to pay the bills of Wilson delegates to the Baltimore convention has been made by Samuel Ludlow, Jr., a banker of Jersey City and Joseph E. Bernstein, a merchant of the same place. Their announcement was made following a conference with Governor Wilson. "We shall not permit Governor Wilson's fight for the presidency to fail for lack of funds," said Mr. Ludlow after the conference. "We will pay the hotel bills and other living expenses which the Wilson delegates here are unable to pay. If necessary we can raise \$50,000 in 24 hours and will do so. We will pay any sum needed to keep these men in Baltimore."

Baltimore, Md.—On the forty-second ballot for Democratic nominee for President of the United States Wilson had 494, Clark 430 and Underwood 104 votes. Wilson had been steadily gaining and Clark of course steadily losing. The leader, however, being a long way from two-thirds or 726 votes necessary to win.

"They are coming as slowly as cold molasses," was Governor Wilson's comment upon his gain in strength.

Forensic argument had given way to the swift American punch and for a time the air was filled with enough swings, jabs, jolts, hooks and uppercuts to garnish the most sensational encountered in the prize ring ever recorded.

An affront to William J. Bryan by the Missouri followers of Champ Clark started the fray and in a moment that portion of the convention hall was a swirling maelstrom of surging, screeching, biting and battling humanity, with the aggressive Nebraskan its smiling storm-center.

The trouble started just after the thirty-third ballot was taken. At the end of this ballot the Champ Clark people revived their drooping spirits by displaying a big banner on which the following tribute to Clark from W. J. Bryan in 1910 was printed in red:

"I have known Champ Clark 18 years. He is absolutely incorruptible and his life is above reproach. Never in all these years have I known him to be upon but one side of the question and that was the side that represented the people."

There was a cheer as the Missourians displayed the banner above their delegation. It continued for several minutes.

In the uproar which followed, Bryan stood smiling in the center of a shrieking excited mob of the Missouri delegation. Half a dozen policemen charged into the crowd.

\$100 Reward, \$100

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure now known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials.

Address F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio.

Sold by all Druggists, 75c.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Deeds Recorded

Susanna Claycomb et al. to Hester Claycomb, lot in East St. Clair; \$400. David Lybarger to Trustees of Lutheran Church, Londonderry Township; \$30.

Harry W. Keyser, by administrator, to Charles L. Holler, lot in Mann's Choice; \$4,000.

L. D. Blackwelder to Jessie B. Long, lot in Bedford; \$300.

William H. Knipple to Hezekiah Fair, 67 acres in Juniata; \$1,500.

Hezekiah Fair to William H. Fisher, 67 acres in Juniata; \$750.

Iiram T. Miller to G. S.annon Carpenter, two lots in Londonderry; nominal.

Herbert A. Carpenter et al. to George S. Mullin, lot in Londonderry; nominal.

George F. Hillegass to Andrew Hillegass, 117 acres, 60 perches in Juniata; \$1,000.

Lewis J. Cornell to Anthony K. Mellott, 19 acres, 127 perches in West Providence; \$417.

Jacob Z. Pote to John Herbert Stephens, 19 acres, 124 perches in Bloomfield; \$400.

John W. Smith to William Hufford, lot in Hopewell Township; \$60.

William Hufford to Harry T. McIlroy, interest in lot in Hopewell Township; \$150.

Miller-Harter

Harry A. Miller of Keating Summit and Miss Mary Emma Harter were united in marriage at the Methodist Episcopal parsonage, Shickshinny, on Wednesday, June 26, by the bride's father, Rev. E. E. Harter, former pastor of the Schellsburg M. E. Charge.

TARIFF REFORM IS DEMOCRATIC CREED

Leading Plank of Platform Adopted by Baltimore Convention.

FAVORS FIGHT ON TRUSTS

Action of Republican Administration in Compromising With Standard Oil and Tobacco Combines Condemned—Views on Other Subjects.

Following are the principal planks of the platform adopted by the Democratic national convention at Baltimore.

The Tariff Reform.

"We declare it to be a fundamental principle of the Democratic party that the federal government under the Constitution has no right or power to impose or collect tariff duties except for the purpose of revenue and we demand that the collection of such taxes shall be limited to the necessities of government honestly and economically administered."

"The high Republican tariff is the principal cause of the unequal distribution of wealth; it is a system of taxation which makes the rich richer and the poor poorer; under its operations the American farmer and laboring man are the chief sufferers; it raises the cost of the necessities of life to them, but does not protect their product or wages."

"We favor the immediate downward revision of the existing high, and in many cases, prohibitive tariff duties, insisting that material reductions be speedily made upon the necessities of life. Articles entering into competition with trust controlled products and articles of American manufacture where sold abroad more cheaply than at home could be put upon the free list."

"We denounce the action of President Taft in vetoing the bills to reduce the tariff in the cotton, woolen, metals and chemicals schedules and the farmers free list bills, all of which was designed to give immediate relief to the masses from the exactions of the trusts."

"The Republican party, while promising tariff revision, has shown by its tariff legislation that such revision is not to be in the people's interests and having been faithless to its pledges of 1908 it should no longer enjoy the confidence of the nation."

High Cost of Living.

"The high cost of living is a serious problem in every American home. The Republican party in its platform attempts to escape from responsibility for present conditions by denying that they are due to a protective tariff. We take issue with them on this subject and charge that excessive prices result in a large measure from the high tariff laws enacted and maintained by the Republican party, and from trusts and commercial conspirators fostered and encouraged by such laws, and we assert that no substantial relief can be secured for the people until import duties on the necessities of life are materially reduced, and those criminal conspiracies broken up."

Anti-Trust Law.

"A private monopoly is indefensible and intolerable. We therefore favor the vigorous enforcement of the criminal as well as the civil law against trusts and trust officials, and demand enactment of such additional legislation as may be necessary to make it impossible for a private monopoly to exist in the United States."

"We condemn the action of the Republican administration in compromising with the Standard Oil Company and the tobacco trust and its failure to invoke the criminal provisions of the anti-trust law against the officers of those corporations after the court had declared that from the undisputed facts in the record they had violated the criminal provisions of the law."

"We regret that Sherman anti-trust law has received a judicial construction depriving it of much of its efficacy, and we favor the enactment of legislation which will restore to the statute the strength of which it has been deprived."

"Such interpretation Income Tax and Popular Election of Senators.

"We congratulate the country upon the triumph of two important reforms demanded in the last national platform, namely, the amendment of the federal constitution authorizing an income tax and the amendment providing for the popular election of senators, and we call upon the people of all the states to rally to the support of the pending propositions and secure their ratification."

"We note with gratification the unanimous sentiment in favor of

Hartman-Hesley

A. J. Hartman and Miss Olive Hesley, of Johnstown, were united in marriage Sunday morning, June 39, by Rev. S. H. Isenborg, in that city. The groom is a son of Mr. and Mrs. W. R. Hartman, former residents of this place.

Making Marriage a Failure.

Marriage is nearly always a failure where the wife lives in curl papers and the husband lives out of paper sacks.—Galveston News.

publicity before the election of campaign contributions—a measure demanded in our national platform of 1908 and at that time opposed by the Republican party, and we commend the Democratic House of Representatives for extending the doctrine of publicity to recommendations, verbal and written, upon which presidential appointments are made, to the ownership and control of newspapers and to the expenditures made by and in behalf of those who aspire to presidential nominations and we point for additional justification for this legislation to the enormous expenditures of money in behalf of the president and his predecessor in the recent contest for the Republican nomination for president.

Presidential Primaries.

"The movement towards more popular government should be promoted through legislation in each state which will permit the expression of the preference of the electors for national candidates at presidential primaries."

"We direct that the national committee incorporate in the call for the next nominating convention a requirement that all expressions of preference for presidential candidates shall be given and the selection of delegates and alternates be through a primary election conducted by the party organization in each state where such expression and election are not provided for by state law."

Term of President.

"We favor a single presidential term, and to the end urge the adoption of an amendment to the constitution making the president of the United States ineligible to re-election, and we pledge the candidate of this convention to this principle."

Railroads, Express Companies, Telegraph and Telephone Lines.

"We favor the efficient supervision and rate regulation of railroads, express companies, telegraph and telephone lines engaged in interstate commerce. To this end we recommend the valuation of railroads, express companies, telegraph and telephone lines by the interstate commerce commission, such valuation to take into consideration the physical value of the property, the original cost, the cost of reproduction, and any element of value that will render the valuation fair and just."

Banking Legislation.

"We oppose the so-called Aldrich bill or the establishment of a central bank, and we believe the people of the country will be largely freed from panics and consequent un-employment and business depression by such a systematic revision of our banking laws as will render temporary relief in localities where such relief is needed, with protection from control or domination by what is known as the money trust."

Parcels Post and Rural Delivery.

"We favor the establishment of a parcels post or postal express, and also the extension of the rural delivery system as rapidly as practicable."

"The campaign contributions plank pledges the party to the enactment of a law prohibiting any corporation from contributing to a campaign fund. It also limits individual contributions to a "reasonable maximum."

"The Democratic congress is heartily commended for its long list of laws for the benefit of the people after a generation of unlimited power by the Republican party. The next plank arraigns the Republican party for waste of "the money wrung from the people by oppressive taxation."

"A plank on rural credits is of importance. It is recommended that an investigation of agricultural credit societies in foreign countries be made looking toward devising a suitable system for the United States. A waterways plank provides for federal control of the Mississippi and other waterways. The plan is to maintain an average depth on the big river so it will be navigable, and construct docks to prevent further floods. This plank also favors draining of all swamp lands.

"The platform favors pest roads. It reaffirms its declarations in the 1908 platform in regard to labor. It holds there should be a modification of the injunctive laws.

"It also recommends a department of labor with a cabinet officer."

"The conservation plank is also of importance and holds that conservation and development should proceed for the benefit of all the people. Immediate action is favored to make available the coal deposits of Alaska.

"A pure food and public health plank declares for the union and strengthening of the various governmental agencies relating to pure food, quarantine, vital statistics and human health. This department should be administered without partiality or discrimination in favor of or against any school of medicine. The civil service law should be honestly and rigidly enforced. Legislation is favored to promote law reform. The "policy of paternalism" in the Philippines is denounced. It favors the declaration of the independence of these islands. Arizona and New Mexico are welcomed to the sisterhood of states."

Friend's Cove Reformed Charge

J. C. Knable, Pastor
Regular divine service at Rainesburg, July 7, at 10 a. m.; at Trinity on same day at 2:30 p. m.

Special sale of yard and a quarter wide Table Oil Cloth at Barnett's Store during the July sale, \$1.65 a roll.

Women's Day Service

Women's Day service will be held in the A. M. E. Zion Church Sunday, July 14. The public is cordially invited to attend.

Has No Bank Account.

The world owes every man a living, but it doesn't send out checks.

HATS! HATS!

Each week sees our millinery reduced—prices on trimmed and untrimmed hats are constantly going lower.

We can still please you. Call.

MRS. ELLA GILCHRIST

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD
ROUND \$1.00 TRIP
TO
CUMBERLAND
SUNDAY, JULY 7, 1912

SPECIAL TRAIN Leaves Bedford 9:08 a

IT SAVES YOU MONEY

Dr. Howard's Dyspepsia Specific; Regular Price 50c, Ed. D. Heckerman's Price 25c. The special half price sale of Dr. Howard's Specific for the cure of constipation and dyspepsia by Ed. D. Heckerman means the saving of a few dollars on every family's yearly bill for medicines.

Each 50 cent bottle (Mr. Heckerman sells it for 25c) contains sixty doses of a medicine that is pleasant to take and which can be depended upon to cure the worst case of constipation, dyspepsia or liver trouble.

This remedy is not an ordinary medicine. It is the favorite formula of a well-known physician, and has the endorsement of hundreds of physicians of eminence in their profession, who prescribe it in all cases of constipation, dyspepsia or liver trouble, knowing from experience that it will make a complete and lasting cure.

June 28-2t.

Schellsburg Route 1

July 2—Many of our farmers are making hay. None of them have cut any grain.

Glenn Egolf, who had been attending summer normal school at Lamberthalville, has returned to his home.

Dr. Ronald Colvin and children, of Berlin, passed through here on Saturday in his touring car.

A number of our farmers assisted Mr. Weaver in raising his new barn near New Paris on Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. William Dull, of Juniata, spent a few hours here recently.

Misses Ida, Anna and Jessie Hoover, of near Everett, spent a few days recently with their uncle and aunt, Mr. and Mrs. Isaiah Hoover.

Henry Kinney of Helixville has gone to Ligonier to work on a new section of state road.

A. B. Miller was a business visitor to Johnstown last week. Marie:

True Values B & B True Values

matting-covered boxes

Matting Covered Boxes—as a receptacle for clothing—at the same time a piece of furniture which easily harmonizes with any sort of decoration—have been so much appreciated, scarcely any other kind of box is saleable. The volume of business done at this store is due to the fact that first quality is sold for less.

Skirt Boxes that sold for \$7.00 are \$5.00. Size 49 inches long, 20 inches wide, 17 inches high. Properly put together and neatly finished. Covered with fine White Matting, trim with Bamboo—brass handles, hinges, lid stay, and brass corner pieces on the lid, neat strong Chippendale legs, good casters. Interior sliding Tray, 17 by 24 inches.

scarfs—shams

Mexican drawn-work—machine made—another feat of industry. A Nottingham woven material—elaborate openwork lace designs, cleverly imitating real hand made; wide plain borders. Scarfs 20 inches wide, 50 inches long; Shams 30 inches square, 25c each.

Hand Embroidered Shams or Scarfs, \$4.00 to \$7.00 pair.

Batteberg, Torchon, Cluny, Lace trim Scarfs or Shams, \$1.00 to \$15.00.

BOGGS & BUHL
PITTSBURGH, PA.

Friend's Cove

July 2—Miss Nora Shaffer, who has been seriously ill at the home of her sister, Mrs. Harvey England, is improving slowly. She returned to her home at Rainsburg last week.

A few of our young people attended the Children's service at Rainsburg last Sunday evening.

A baby girl arrived at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Philip Diehl last week.

Impression at Saxton Convention

It was a convention full of things strong enough to make impressions. But among them all, the one that stands out clearest in my mind is the Church of God at Saxton. The work that has been, and is being, done there is very inspiring to me. So many of us have false ideas about places. We are apt to look for things "way behind the times" in smaller towns nestled among the hills. But the work at Saxton is up-to-date and pushing on. If you wanted a children's chorus, it was ready with earnest, soulful song. Or would you prefer a cornet solo, the strains of the Holy City thrilled you with the touch and taste of the artist. If you enjoy a large, mixed chorus, you had it there with the vim and enthusiasm that come from earnestness. And perhaps your soul is stirred more deeply by the singing of a male chorus, and if so, the men were there and did the work.

Yes, it was a good convention, but I came home inspired most by the work that a faithful pastor and wife are doing, and believing more firmly than ever that it is not so much where we are as it is what we are that counts. William N. Yates.

Friend's Cove Lutheran Charge

J. J. Minemier, Pastor
Pleasant Valley: Sunday, July 7, Sunday School 9 a. m.; Divine worship 10 a. m. There will be a joint meeting of the charge Saturday of this week at the parsonage at 2 p. m. All officers of the three congregations are requested to be present.

Advertised Letters

Miss Elsie Croyle, Mrs. Wm. C. Smith, Mrs. George Hooker, Mrs. Harry Humer, Mrs. Alice Campbell, C. A. Roop; cards: Lee Zedaker, John Pressman, Eugene Fletcher, W. J. Minnich, F. M. Bedford, Pa., July 4, 1912.

BRYAN IN SENSATIONAL SPEECH EXPLAINS HIS VOTE--CLARK GOES TO BALTIMORE AND HITS BACK AT NEBRASKAN

Speaker in a Statement Given Out After Conference With Hearst, Stoye and Other Friends Hotly Asserts That the Commoner Must Prove Charges or Retract.

Baltimore—William J. Bryan's appearance on the platform and his violent attack upon the New York State democracy and the Ryan-Morgan-Belmont coterie of financiers proved the sensation of the Democratic National Convention. It roused the great mass of humanity to a wild demonstration of applause and denunciation at once of applause and denunciation.

Bryan threw the convention into turmoil by deserting Clark for Wilson and declaring he would not support any candidate supported by Murphy and the Ryan-Belmont crowd.

Violating all precedent Mr. Bryan mounted the platform and made a speech in which he took occasion to denounce Charles F. Murphy by name and to impugn the sincerity of the entire New York delegation. To achieve this end Mr. Bryan went through the form of obtaining unanimous consent, but there were a number of objections to his course, and these were finally withdrawn only because no individual cared to be recorded as the objector.

And when he had begun his speech Mr. Bryan took absolute charge. He yielded to those who wished to question him, wholly disregarding the chair; hurled back answers which won the galleries as much as they angered the delegates opposed to him, and through it all the leaders were obviously frightened beyond measure for fear of a Bryan stampede.

Various delegates hurled defiance at Bryan, to his obvious delight, for in every encounter he came out by far the best of it. Asked if he would support the nominee of the convention, provided such nominee were chosen through the influence of Murphy and the Ryan-Belmont interests, Bryan declared that he would not commit himself in advance, but that such support was comparable to the defence by a lawyer of a defendant after a crime had been committed, which was quite a different thing from the conspiracy of a lawyer with the culprit before the crime was committed.

And before he had closed his remarks he had, in effect, placed in the record a threat to oppose any candidate who received the support of the New York delegation and had actually made Murphy and his friends appreciate that the throwing of New York's vote to any candidate would be regarded by the Progressive forces as prima facie evidence of guilt of such candidate.

Asked if he would not commit himself in advance, but that such support was comparable to the defence by a lawyer of a defendant after a crime had been committed, which was quite a different thing from the conspiracy of a lawyer with the culprit before the crime was committed.

"If I have not entered into such an alliance with any selfish interest of privileged class of this country to gain the nomination for the Presidency is unworthy of the Presidency and of the Speakership of the House.

"Any man who would enter into an alliance with any selfish interest of privileged class of this country to gain the nomination for the Presidency is unworthy of the Presidency and of the Speakership of the House.

"I have not entered into such an alliance, then the Democrat, however distinguished, who wantonly charges me with this act is a traitor to the Democratic Party, and to his professional friendship to me.

"I am not here to plead for a nomination or to attempt to influence any man's political action. Let every man proceed in this convention according to his convictions and the expressed will of his constituents.

"I ask no undue consideration from any man, be he friend or foe, but I demand exact justice from every Democrat, either in this convention or throughout the nation.

With William J. Bryan and his charge made in the convention to-day the issue is proof or retraction. I shall expect him to meet that issue.

"CHAMP CLARK."

"I came here to Baltimore to confer with my friends on matters concerning which I will probably have something to say after the conference," said Mr. Clark just before he went into the conference. "That is all I have to say now."

The fire marshal of Baltimore kept out thousands who were waiting to get into the convention hall, hoping to hear the nominating speeches. The marshal said that the armory was filled far beyond its capacity of 14,000, and he refused to allow any one else to get in.

Policemen around the convention hall chased, and sometimes captured, ticket speculators. The scalpers who at first were complaining so bitterly that nobody courted their society, grew quite disturbed when the police showed a real desire to make their acquaintance.

The women who visited Baltimore in the interest of the anti-suffrage movement say that for every hearing given the suffragists they too would demand a hearing of the resolutions committee.

Congressman D. J. Lewis, of Maryland, representing labor organizations, urged the committee to declare in favor of wiping out express companies and substituting parcels post therefor.

The credentials committee of the Baltimore convention reversed the action of the national committee and seated sixteen contestants Clark delegations from South Dakota and the District of Columbia.

Mrs. William H. Taft attended the convention while in Baltimore Mrs. Taft was the guest of Mrs. Hugh C. Wallace and Delegate Wallace of Washington State.

Mr. Parker's glowing tribute in his speech to Bryan, whom he forthwith recommended for the chairmanship of the resolutions committee, was received with cheers.

"With our Wilson we will win," sang Princeton boomers, but there was always one discordant note—"Jude" Jones, Princeton, 1910, insisted on singing it "shall win."

Point

July 2—Mrs. Rhoda Waite and three children, of Altoona, are guests of Mrs. Waite's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Samuel McIlwaine, of this place.

Mrs. Ross Studebaker and four children, of Pittsburgh, are visiting the former's father, T. R. Studebaker, and Mrs. Caltenburg, of Point.

Miss Buzzard of Everett, Miss Kramer of Hyndman and Miss Elsie Lepert of near Springboro were guests of Mr. and Mrs. E. C. King on Sunday.

J. M. Cable, who has been working on the state road at Stoystown, Somerset County, is home plowing his

corn and will make his hay before returning.

Mrs. Geneva Harper, the trained nurse who is visiting the King family, is taking care of the sick in the family of Harry Ridenour of New Paris.

Your correspondent and wife spent Monday with the family of their son, W. M. Hissoag, whose wife is very ill with appendicitis. An operation was to be performed this (Tuesday) morning by Dr. Nason of Roaring Spring, assisted by Drs. Dibert and Enfield, of Bedford.

H. Hooker.

Gazette Job Rooms are up-to-date. Call and be convinced.

THE BALLOTS OF THE CONVENTION

	Clark	Wilson	Harmon	Marshall	Underwood	Baldwin	Bryan	Kern	Gaylor	Sulter	Foss	James
Thursday:												
First Ballot	440 1/2	324	148	31	117 1/2	22	1	..	..	2	..	..
Second Ballot	446 1/2	339 3/4	141	31	111 1/4	14	2	..	..	2	..	..
Third Ballot	441	345	140 1/2	31	114 1/2	14	1	1	1	2	..	..
Fourth Ballot	443	349 1/2	136 1/2	31	112	14	..	..	2	..	..	..
Fifth Ballot	443	351	141 1/2	31	119 1/2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Sixth Ballot	445	354	135	31	121	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Seventh Ballot	449 1/2	352 1/2	129 1/2	31	123 1/2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Eighth Ballot	448 1/2	351 1/2	130	31	123	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Ninth Ballot	452	351 1/2	127	31	122 1/2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Tenth Ballot	556	350 1/2	31	31	117 1/2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Eleventh Ballot	554	354 1/2	29	30	118 1/2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Twelfth Ballot	549	354	29	30	123	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Saturday:												
Thirteenth Ballot	554	356 1/2	29	30	115 1/2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Fourteenth Ballot	553	361	29	30	111	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Fifteenth Ballot	552	362 1/2	29	30	110 1/2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Sixteenth Ballot	551	362 1/2	29	30	112 1/2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Seventeenth Ballot	545	362 1/2	29	30	112 1/2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Eighteenth Ballot	535	361	29	30	125	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Nineteenth Ballot	532	358	29	30	130	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Twentieth Ballot	512	388 1/2	29	30	121 1/2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Twenty-first Ballot	508	395 1/2	29	30	118 1/2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Twenty-second Ballot	500 1/2	396 1/2	..	30	115	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Twenty-third Ballot	497 1/2	399	..	30	114 1/2	..</						

The Sage of Monticello

the former president, the purchaser of Louisiana, the chastiser of the Barbary pirates, the founder of the University of Virginia, as the scholar, the philosopher and the savant, he was known the world over.

Every day for at least eight months in the year brought its contingent of guests to Monticello. People of wealth, fashion, men of office, professional men, military and civil, lawyers, doctors, Protestant clergy, Catholic priests, members of congress, foreign ministers, missionaries, Indian agents, tourists, artists, strangers, friends. Some came from affection and respect, some from curiosity; some to give or receive advise or instruction, some from idleness, some because others set the example. And everybody who could not visit "the sage of Monticello" at least gave thought to the great retired man of the nation.

Jefferson retained his health nearly to his last days, and had the happiness of living to the fiftieth anniversary of the Declaration of Independence. He died at Monticello at 12:40 p. m. on July 4, 1826. He was buried in his own graveyard at Monticello, beneath a stone upon which was engraved an inscription prepared by his own hand: "Here is buried Thomas Jefferson, author of the Declaration of Independence, of the Statute of Virginia, for Religious Liberty and Father of the University of Virginia."

"The sage of Monticello" stands today next to "the father of his country" in the esteem of the United States. And this is as it should be, for his wise counsel helped to establish this nation as firmly as did the arms and statesmanship of George Washington.

 Where Jefferson Wrote the Declaration of Independence.

horseback. The mansion at Monticello, thanks to Tarleton's orders, escaped serious pillage or damage. Though the house itself was not plundered or burned, the rest of Jefferson's property suffered severely at the hands of the enemy. All the stock and farm products that might be of service were carried off, the rest being wantonly destroyed.

When Jefferson resigned from the Washington cabinet in 1704 he returned to Monticello to enjoy a retirement which he intended should last many years. But this was not to be. He was elected vice-president in 1796, and in 1800 he was chosen president.

In March, 1809, Jefferson, after a nearly continuous public service of forty-four years, retired to Monticello and to private life, but he was so seriously impoverished that he was not sure of being allowed to leave Washington without arrest by his creditors, but this, fortunately, he was able to prevent. Toward the close of his life, however, he became distressingly embarrassed in his circumstances. In 1814 he sold his library to congress for \$23,000, but through endorsing a note for a friend he was completely ruined, and was in danger of being compelled to surrender Monticello and seek shelter for his last days in another abode. But wealthy friends came to his assistance with a considerable sum of money.

"No cent of this," he wrote, "wrung from the taxpayer. It is the pure and unsolicited offering of love." In the last seventeen years of his life Jefferson lived like a patriarch among his admiring friends. "The sage of Monticello" was the most prominent man in private life in the country. Even to the year of his death he was a great moral force in the land. As

Home Mixing of Fertilizer

A number of us around Schellsburg have been home mixing our fertilizer for several years. Farmers in Friend's Cove (Bedford County) have been home mixing for two seasons. And we all find it simple and satisfactory; besides which, it is saving us a good deal of money. For instance, last spring the Friend's Cove farmers sent away for a carload of raw material and mixed it at home. They got just as much actual plant food as if they had bought ready mixed goods, were sure they were using only the highest grade of materials for the work, and shaved \$192 on the carload.

I have so many requests for advice how to go about this home-mixing, and have been asked so often how to figure out formulas and how much of the home mixture to use in place of commercial mixtures, that I have prepared a circular letter, in which the process of home mixing is described, the quantities figured out in regular and simple tables (not in percents but in pounds), and tables are also given showing how much of the home mixture to use. And this letter will be mailed to anyone asking for it.

In our home-mixing we use the sack of acid phosphate as the base, and work out tables showing just how many pounds of the other materials must be mixed with each sack of phosphate to make the different combinations. This makes the problem much more simple than where percents have to be figured. It is just so many pounds to go with the sack of phosphate, and then the shovel and rake and a little applied muscle.

A. B. Ross

Schellsburg, Pa., June 29.

"Dr. Thomas Eclectic Oil is the best remedy for that often fatal disease—croup. It has been used with success in our family for eight years."—Mrs. L. Whiteacre, Buffalo, N. Y.

Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA

Bones Act as Chrometer. The merits of bone as an indicator of fair or foul weather have been vouched for by the captain of an Italian steamer carrying a cargo of bones from the South American port of Buenos Aires to New York. When the ship was sailing toward a storm the skipper stated, recently, the bones creaked and moaned, and when fair weather was ahead they were silent again.

Summer colds are hard to get rid of, and frequently lead to asthma, bronchitis, and hay fever. Do not let your cold get a hold on you, but use Foley's Honey and Tar Compound for quick relief. W. H. Allen, Cheesea, Wis., says: "We prefer Foley's Honey and Tar Compound to other cough medicines because it quickly cures coughs and colds. It will ward off a cold if taken in time." Contains no opiates.

The Right to Smoke.

"Do you think it looks well for women to smoke as they do in some Spanish-speaking countries?" "Well," replied the worried Londoner; "it's this way: If they're smokin' they're likely either to be quiet and comfortable, or if they're not used to it just the opposite. And either way's a good chance of keepin' 'em out of the suffragette parade."

How to Be Rich.

Put all your eggs in one basket, and then place the basket in cold storage.

Life

—

Newspaper ARCHIVE



If you Seal your Glasses and Jars with

Parowax

(Pure Refined Paraffine)

Absolutely Air-tight.

Easy to Use.

Inexpensive.

Parowax is tasteless and odorless. Every package carries the Pure Food guarantee.

Sold by Grocers and Druggists Everywhere.

The Atlantic Refining Company Philadelphia Pittsburgh



THE PENNSYLVANIA STATE NORMAL SCHOOL

Will Begin Its 38th Year September 10th, 1912

Completion of the Normal Course legally qualifies one to teach for life in Pennsylvania. There are strong departments for Domestic Science, for Business and for Music.

For those preparing to teach, \$62 pays for Fall Term; \$54 for Winter Term; \$50 for Spring Term.

For several years, this school has had more applying for entrance than it could accommodate; therefore rooms should always be engaged in advance.

The Institution publishes fine Catalogue, which can be obtained free by addressing the Principal—

DR. JAMES E. AMENT INDIANA, PENNA.

Diploma

You Lose a Lot of Money...

If you keep your savings about the house, You may not lose the money itself, though it is likely you will, but you are certain to lose the interest which the money would have earned. For example, if you are able to save only as much as \$1 a week, in ten years you would have \$637.15 in bank if you had deposited your dollar regularly in this safe and solid institution. You put in \$520 and the bank pays you \$117.15 as interest.

Pittsburgh Bank for Savings Capital and Surplus, \$1,000,000.00 Pittsburgh, Pa.

Bedford Urban Mutual Fire Ins. Co.,

Bedford, Pa.

President CAPT. ELI EICHELBERGER

Manager JOHN P. CUPPETT

DIRECTORS

PATRICK HUGHES THOS. EICHELBERGER G. S. KEGARISE C. D. BRODE

FRED S. COOK J. S. GUYER ED. D. HECKERMAN SIMON F. WHETSTONE

Insurance in Force, One Million Dollars. YOUR PATRONAGE SOLICITED.

Make our office your home when in Bedford. Insurance at actual cost. Losses adjusted and promptly paid. Fire of G. C. Grove, Grafton, Pa., January 16; adjusted January 17; paid January 18; amount \$79.59; Mr. Grove entirely satisfied. Let us have your insurance. The management promises you fair treatment.

JOHN P. CUPPETT, Manager.

Pennsylvania Railroad SIXTEEN-DAY EXCURSION

July 11, 1912.

\$7.50 or \$9.50 to Atlantic City, Cape May

Wildwood, Anglesea, Holly Beach, Ocean City, Sea Isle City, Avalon, Stone Harbor, N. J., Rehoboth, Del., and Ocean City, Md.

\$9.50 or \$11.50 to Asbury Park, Long Branch

West End, Hollywood, Elberon, Deal Beach, Allenhurst, North Asbury Park, Ocean Grove, Bradley Beach, Avon, Belmar, Como, Spring Lake, Sea Girt, Brielle, Point Pleasant, Manasquan, and Bay Head, N. J.

FROM BEDFORD

Tickets at the lower rate good only in Coaches. Tickets at the higher rate good in Parlor or Sleeping Cars in connection with proper Pullman tickets.

SPECIAL TRAIN OF PARLOR CARS, AND COACHES

Tickets Pittsburgh at 8:55 A. M. and runs through to Atlantic City. Tickets good for passage on Special Train or on trains leaving Pittsburgh at 4:55 P. M., 8:33 P. M. (Coaches only), and 8:50 P. M. (Sleeping Cars only), and their connections.

For leaving time of trains, stop-over privileges and full information consult nearest Ticket Agent, or James P. Anderson, D. P. A., Sixth Avenue and Smithfield Street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

SUNDAY SCHOOL.

Lesson I.—Third Quarter, For July 7, 1912.

THE INTERNATIONAL SERIES.

Text of the Lesson, Mark iii, 20-35. Memory Verses, 28, 29—Golden Text, John iii, 19—Commentary Prepared by Rev. D. M. Stearns.

This lesson is found in Matt. xii as well as in Mark iii and is a sample of their treatment of Him whom they should have welcomed as their Messiah, but of whom it is written: "He was in the world, and the world was made by Him, and the world knew Him not. He came unto His own, and His own received Him not" (John i, 10, 11). In our lesson, verses 21, 22, it is written that they said: "He is beside Himself. He hath Beelzebub and by the prince of the devils casteth He out devils." They frequently told Him that He had a devil (John vii, 20; viii, 52; x, 20), and as early in the record as Matt. xii, 14, it is written that "the Pharisees went out and held a council against Him, how they might destroy Him." It was the old story of Ps. lxxxi, 11, "My people would not harken to my voice, and Israel would none of me." Even in the days of Enoch, the seventh from Adam, we read of the ungodly and their words and deeds (Jude 15). It is also written that at the end of this age, to which we are fast hastening, there shall be only a form of godliness without the power and sound doctrine will not be endured (II Tim. iii, 1-5; iv, 3). The great adversary, the father of lies, who to Eve questioned the word of God and made God a liar, will yet gather the nations to make war with God's people, Israel, and the Lamb of God Himself, but beast and false prophet shall go alive to the lake of fire and the devil to the bottomless pit (Rev. xvii, 14; xix, 19, 20; xx, 1-3; Zech. xiv, 1, 2).

Like the multitudes who clung to Him when here in humiliation and upon whom He always had compassion, there are multitudes now who would listen to the gospel if they could hear it, but many of the religious leaders of today are as much against the gospel of God concerning His Son, Jesus Christ, as were the scribes and Pharisees against Jesus Christ. Those who today believe that Jesus is God, the Creator of all things, who died for us, bearing our sins in His own body on the cross, rose from the dead, ascended to Heaven and is coming again to set up His kingdom of righteousness and peace on this earth, are accounted unlearned, ignorant, behind the times, narrow and all else that unbelieving words can describe. But his approval is everything. How utterly foolish seemed their accusation in the light of His question, "How can Satan cast out Satan?" (Verse 23.) How great and far-reaching His saying in verse 27, "No man can enter into a strong man's house and spoil his goods except he first bind the strong man." The devil is the god of this world, blinding the minds of all unbelievers. The whole world lieth in the wicked one. And I was not wholly an untruth when I said to our Lord as he showed Him all the kingdoms of this world and the glory of them, "All that is delivered unto me, and to whomsoever I will I give it." (II Cor. iv, 4; I John v, 19; Matt. iv, 8; Luke iv, 6). Those who talk of winning the world for Christ do not seem to believe these truths nor consider the necessity of getting rid of the devil, but it stands, as our Lord said—the strong one must be bound before his goods can be taken.

The unpardonable sin of verses 29, 30, makes us think of I John v, 16: "There is a sin unto death. I do not say that he shall pray for it." Let us not forget verse 28 of our lesson, "All sins shall be forgiven unto the sons of men and blasphemies wherewith ever they shall blaspheme," and also I John i, 7. "The blood of Jesus Christ cleanseth from all sin." What, then, can this sin be that bath never forgiveness, but the persistent refusal to listen to the voice of the Spirit, whose delight is to point to Jesus Christ, who alone can forgive sins? As there is "none other name" (Acts iv, 12), if that name is refused or disbelieved there can be no forgiveness, but only eternal damnation (verse 30).

As he was told that His mother and His brethren were without, desiring to speak to Him, He stretched forth His hand toward his disciples and said, "Behold my mother and my brethren for whoever shall do the will of my Father, which is in heaven, the same is my brother and sister and mother" (verses 31-35; Matt. xii, 46-50). On another occasion He said, "My mother and my brethren are these which hear the word of God and do it" (Luke viii, 21). When a certain one spoke of the blessedness of being His mother He said, "Yea, rather blessed are they that hear the word of God and keep it" (Luke xv, 28). We cannot but think of His words on the last night concerning such as keep His words becoming a mansion in which both He and His Father would dwell. At the same time He told His Father that certain ones had received the words which the Father had given Him for them (John xlii, 23; xvii, 8). I am greatly impressed by the fact that receiving His words made Him so glad that He told His Father of it. How it must grieve Him to have His words treated as many of His professed friends treat them today, seemingly forgetting that all His words were not His, but His Father's (John xii, 49; xiv, 10). "We can do nothing against the truth, but for the truth" (II Cor. xiii, 8).

HUNTINGDON AND BROAD TOP MOUNTAIN RAILROAD.

In Effect January 1, 1912.

NORTH. STATIONS.	SOUTH.
p. m. a. m. Lv.	a. m. p. m.
4:43 9:03 .. Bedford	9:37 7:37
5:00 9:20 .. Mt. Dallas	9:20 7:20
5:03 9:23 .. Everett	9:14 7:16
5:10 9:30 .. Tatesville	9:05 7:07
5:20 9:39 .. Cypher	8:56 6:57
5:30 9:49 .. Hopewell	8:47 6:48
5:35 9:54 .. Riddlesburg	8:42 6:44
5:48 10:07 A. Saxon L.	8:29 6:32

4:30 7:30 L. Saxon A.	8:29 6:32
5:03 10:17 .. Cove	8:18 6:20
6:03 10:22 .. Hummel	8:14 6:16
6:11 10:29 .. Entriken	8:09 6:11
6:18 10:37 .. Marklesburg	8:01 6:00
6:22 10:41 .. Brumbaugh	7:56 5:56
6:27 10:46 .. Grafton	7:52 5:52
6:31 10:50 .. McConnellist'n	7:48 5:48
6:40 11:00 Huntingdon	7:40 5:40

5:00 8:00 A. Saxon L. 8

Stimulate Children?

Ask your doctor how often he prescribes an alcoholic stimulant for children. He will probably say, "Very, very rarely." Ask him how often he prescribes a tonic for them. He will probably answer, "Very, very frequently." Then ask him about Ayer's Sarsaparilla as a strong and safe tonic for the young. Not a drop of alcohol in it.

Always keep a box of Ayer's Pills in the house. Just one pill at bedtime, now and then, will ward off many an attack of biliousness, indigestion, sick-headache. How many years has your doctor known these pills? Ask him all about them. Made by the J. C. AYER CO., Lowell, Mass.

The Wedding Cake.
The custom of having a special cake at weddings was introduced into England by the Romans. This cake, or, rather, biscuit, signified fruitfulness, hospitality and prosperity. The rice that was showered upon bride had a similar meaning. For many centuries after the Romans left the custom was to break the biscuit over the bride's head, and then the fragments were picked up and piled before her for distribution to her friends. At the restoration Charles II returned with a small army of French cooks, who speedily converted the ancient biscuit into a delicious piece of confectionery, iced it with sugar and gradually adorned it with emblematical devices till it towered into the amazing structure which the luxury of later times has developed.—London Chronicle.

Apes and Beards.
Almost all apes have beards. Darwin says that gorillas, chimpanzees and orang outangs have also stiff and bristly hairs upon their upper lips, resembling cats' whiskers. The beards of apes possess a remarkable resemblance to those of men in being almost invariably lighter in color than the hair of the head. In apes the chin growth is most frequently yellow or red, becoming white in age. It is common to both sexes, although more strongly developed in the male. Apes and monkeys also have eyebrows as well, which do not grow thickly together as in human beings, but are scattered through the hair, covering the part of the face which would be called the forehead in man.

Cutting a Hailstorm.
During a severe hailstorm in the Himalayas our native gardener brought out a hatchet and placed it edge upward in the garden to "cut the storm," as he said. Catlin in his "North American Indians" describes a ceremony of the Mandan Indians in which hatchets and edged tools are sacrificed to the "spirits of the waters" to avert a recurrence of the great deluge, of which the tribe has the tradition.—London Notes and Queries.

A Partnership.
"My father and I know everything in the world," said a small boy to his companion.
"All right," said the latter. "Where's Asia?"

It was a stiff question, but the little fellow answered coolly, "That is one of the questions my father knows."—Ladies' Home Journal.

Converted Uses.
Assistant—As we've given up our music department, I may as well throw away this sign reading, "Take This Home and Try It on Your Piano." Manager—Throw it away? Certainly not! Stick it up on the furniture polish counter.—Boston Transcript.

A great man is made up of qualities that meet or make great occasions.—Lowell

In these days of high cost of living, a medicine that gets a man out of bed and able to work in a few days is a valuable and welcome remedy. John Heath, Michigan Bar, Cal., had kidney and bladder trouble, was confined to his bed, unable to turn without help. "I commenced using Foley Kidney Pills and can truly say I was relieved at once." His example is worth following. Ed. D. Heckerman.

Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA

Spaniards Cut Words.

The most amusing instances of laziness in speaking are to be found in Spain. The Spaniards have made it a practice to cut down every word to an irreducible minimum of sound. Take their word for "son," which is as near as possible "echoo" (ch guttural, as in "loch"). That was originally the Latin "filus." The French made it "fils," the Italians "figlio" (feelyo). The Spaniards could not be bothered with the "f" at the beginning or the "t" in the middle, so they simply pronounced the two vowels with a guttural noise, which comes natural to them, in between—"echoo."—London Mail.

For any itching skin trouble, piles, eczema, salt rheum, hives, itch, scald head, herpes, scabies, Doan's Ointment is highly recommended. 50c a box at all stores.

PAPER BAG COOKING

Great System Perfected by M. Soyer, Famous London Chef.

REINFORCED FISH DISHES.

By Martha McCulloch Williams. Fish is especially good for brain-workers, through supplying phosphorus, of which the brain stands always in need to repair its own waste. But where fish comes frequently to table it ought to have the reinforcement of nitrogenous substances, such as milk and eggs. There are some fish dishes which are particularly adapted to paper bag cooking. Before undertaking them it is well to have in hand sundry paper souffle cases. Though the fish are to be cooked in paper bags, à la Soyer, the cases make the cooking somewhat easier, and the serving very much more sightly.

But rissoles or patties require no cases. Fish pudding and fish custard can be cooked and served beautifully in shells of pastry, baked in a mold, then taken out, filled and slid into a paper bag. All the dishes require cooked fish either baked or boiled. You can do either in the paper bag. For boiling, put in with the cleaned fish a tumbler of water, seal the greased bag, and cook in a hot oven fifteen to twenty minutes. Baking requires less water and about the same time in the oven.

For fish custard, free the cooked fish from all skin and bone, cut up, but not too small, and season to taste with salt and black and red pepper with a grate of nutmeg if desired. Lay without packing in a buttered souffle case and cover with a custard thus proportioned: Beat two whole eggs and one extra yolk very light, add a pint of sweet milk and a pinch of salt. Beat all well together. Put the case in bag, which will need but little greasing, seal and set in a very moderate oven for half an hour. Make a peep hole, look in and if the custard is not firmly set, cook until it is. Serve very hot, garnished with curled parsley.

Begin fish rissole and patties by making good puff paste. While it gets properly cold, flake fine a pint of fish, freeing it of bone and skin. Season with butter, salt and pepper to taste and a very little finely minced onion. Roll the paste rather thin and cut out circles with a saucer. Put a spoonful of minced fish on half of each circle, fold over, pinch tight, brush over with beaten egg, then put in a bag with a lump of butter and cook in a very hot oven for eight minutes.

For patties bake the pastry into tiny shells, fill them with the minced fish, sprinkle on top grated cheese, slip in a bag and cook ten minutes in a moderate oven. These are not quite so rich as the rissoles which are in effect fried in the bag.

Fish timbale requires two cups of cold fish, chopped fine or ground, one cup of cream sauce, a tablespoonful of butter, two fresh eggs, a little minced parsley, and salt and pepper—both kinds—to taste. Mix the fish well with the sauce, beat in the butter, then add the eggs beaten very light, and mix all thoroughly. Put into a buttered souffle case, slip inside a bag, and cook in a very moderate oven half an hour.

For fish pudding take a pint of boiled fish, grind it fine, add to it one and a half tablespoonsfuls of butter, half a tablespoonful of flour, one teaspoonful of salt, a quarter of a teaspoonful of pepper, and the same of onion juice. Mix all well and set in hot water while you beat two eggs very light with half a cup of sweet milk. Pour the mixture on the fish and beat hard, keeping it over the hot water. When it is hot through, pour it into the prepared bag, keeping the shape as round as possible, tie the bag-top together firmly, and set on a trivet, in a moderate oven for half an hour. This should set it firmly.

Fish rolls are fine for breakfast or luncheon. Mince cooked fish fine, season well, and heat in a rich cream sauce along with the crumbs scooped from the hearts of breakfast rolls. Cut a thin slice from the top of the rolls before beginning to scoop them. Leave only the hard crust. Fill the rolls with the mixture, grate a little hard-boiled egg-yolk over them, seal in a paper bag, and crisp for seven minutes in a hot oven.

Planked fish is not beyond the paper bag. Get a half-inch oak plank cut to a size to go easily inside a big bag. Make it very hot under the gas flame, butter it well, then lay on it the fish, cleaned, seasoned, buttered all over, and spread as flat as possible. Slip into a greased bag and cook for half to three-quarters of an hour in a hot oven. There should be a trivet under the bag the same as if it held no plank. Make a peep hole to find out if the fish is well done—it had better be nearly in the middle, so no gravy will be lost.

Boiled fish, creamed, suits many palates, especially those of tender age. Let the fish get cold, free it of skin and bone, and then flake, but not fine. Put a layer of it in the bottom of a buttered souffle case, dot with bits of butter, dust with salt and cayenne, and add a few fried crumbs. Cover with cream sauce, upon which spread more fish. Keep on with the layers until the case is full. Then cover with a thick layer of fried crumbs, squeeze a little lemon juice on, and bake inside a greased bag in a quick oven for fifteen minutes. Serve from the case, and garnish with hard-boiled egg.

(Copyright, 1911, by the Associated Literary Press.)

YOUR
efficiency depends upon
your condition.
Scott's Emulsion builds,
strengthens and sustains
robust health. *All Druggists.*
Scott & Bowne, Bloomfield, N. J. 12-8

OUR UNCLE SAM.

His Nickname, It Is Claimed, Originated in Troy, N. Y.

Troy, N. Y., is said to be the place where the name "Uncle Sam" originated, says the New York Sun. After the last declaration of war with England by the colonies a New York contractor, Elbert Anderson, visited Troy and made it his headquarters for the purchase of provisions for the Continental army. The supplies were duly inspected before shipment. One of the inspectors was Samuel Wilson, brother of Ebenezer, also an inspector and known as Uncle Sam to the workmen whom he superintended.

The casks in which the beef and pork were packed were marked with the initials of Elbert Anderson, the contractor, and the United States, thus: "E. A.—U. S." The first pair of initials were of course familiar to the men, but the "U. S." stumped them. The fact was that the name United States was then so new to these countrymen that its initials were a complete puzzle. They turned to the nearest explanation, a humorous one and intended as a joke on their boss. If "E. A." stood for Elbert Anderson, then, they opined, "U. S." must stand for "Uncle Sam" Wilson. The joke spread to the continental army, which carried it to every part of the country.

FLAX WEAVING IS ANCIENT.

And the Process Has Improved but Little in Forty Centuries.

Flax weaving, according to a recent authority, is 4,000 years old as an industry. Egypt was the first country to raise flax. All fine table linen is made from water spun flax, as water is essential to its manufacture. Vapor has been tried, but unsuccessfully. The process of manufacture has improved but little in 4,000 years, the linen made by the Egyptians being often found in an excellent state of preservation, wrapped about the bodies of mummies.

There is no grass bleached linen to day, as grass bleaching is too slow a process. Chemicals are used to shorten the work.

Very little flax is raised in the United States because the air contains too little moisture. The finest lawns and handkerchiefs are made in Ireland, and the Scotch linens wear perhaps better than any. Straight line patterns do not wear as well as figures with rounded edges.

In single thread damask the same number of threads run each way. In double thread damask there is double the number of threads in the weft, which doubles the wear.—New York Post.

Gave Up All Hopes of Living

Great Kidney Remedy Saved His Life.

About nine years ago, I had given up hopes of living much longer, owing to the fact that I had severe kidney and liver trouble. I took treatments from several very good physicians and each one after treating me for some time, told me that they could do nothing for me and after these statements I decided that I would have to give up myself. Finally, I received a sample bottle of the well-known Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, which I decided to try as a last hope. Even the sample started to make me improve, and noting this improvement, I kept taking Swamp-Root regularly and after being down to the weight of 115 pounds and having a very yellowish complexion and all hopes of recovery gone, I am now in very fine condition, my weight being 170 pounds, and complexion the healthiest one could have.

I highly recommend Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root to every person who has any disease of the kidneys or liver in its worst stages and you have my consent to publish this statement as I wish to recommend Swamp-Root to any one having kidney or liver trouble.

Yours respectfully,
GEORGE MILLER,
735 Osborne St., Sandusky, Ohio.

Subscribed and sworn to before me, a Notary Public in and for Erie County, Ohio, this 24th day of October, 1911.

ALVIN H. BIEHL,
Notary Public.

We sold the Swamp-Root to the above and believe same statement to be true.

Bechberger & Crown, Druggists.

Letter to
Dr. Kilmer & Co.,
Binghamton, N. Y.

Provide What Swamp-Root Will Do
For You

Send to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., for a sample bottle. It will convince anyone. You will also receive a booklet of valuable information, telling all about the kidneys and bladder. When writing, be sure and mention the Bedford Gazette. Regular fifty-cent and one-dollar size bottles for sale at all drug stores.

A WARNING TO BOYS

Young Johnny Winters, strong and well,
Went out to celebrate the day,
A cannon cracker in his hand,
His heart attuned to fun and play!



He set the cracker up on end
And lit the fuse, as you have done;
Then as it sputtered, sparked and spat,
Young Johnny left it on the run!



Excitedly he turned about
And waited, with his chums, the noise!
"It's fizzled!" then said careless John,
"I'll take a look," he told the boys.



Above the powder stick he bent—
The air was filled with rippling sound!

The boys rushed up with awestruck eyes
To Johnny, lying on the ground!



He lay upon the cheerless sod,
His face all marred with bloody scars—

And all through life the boy must wear
The cannon cracker's awful scars!



Take warning, boys, from Johnny's fate
And do not harm your eyes or face.

Be patriotic, brave and true
But spurn the things that hurt the race!

Facts for Weak Women

Nine-tenths of all the sickness of women is due to some derangement or disease of the organs distinctly feminine. Such sickness can be cured—every day by

Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription

*It Makes Weak Women Strong,
Sick Women Well.*

It acts directly on the organs affected and is at the same time a general restorative tonic for the whole system. It cures female complaint right in the privacy of home. It makes unnecessary the disagreeable questioning, examinations and local treatment so universally insisted upon by doctors, and so abhorrent to every modest woman.

We shall not particularize here as to the symptoms of those peculiar affections incident to women, but those wanting full information as to their symptoms and means of positive cure are referred to the People's Common Sense Medical Adviser—1008 pages, newly revised and up-to-date Edition, sent free on receipt of 21 one-cent stamps to cover cost of mailing only; or, in cloth binding for 31 stamps.

Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

WANTED—A RIDER AGENT

IN EACH TOWN and district to ride and exhibit a sample Latest Model "Ranger" bicycle furnished by us at nominal expense everywhere making money fast. Write for full particulars and special agent.

NO MONEY REQUIRED until you receive and approve of our bicycle. We ship to anyone anywhere in the U. S. without a cent deposit.

in advance, **pay freight**, and allow **100 DAYS' FREE TRIAL** during which time you may ride the bicycle and put it to any test you wish.

If you are not perfectly satisfied or do not wish to keep the bicycle ship it back to us at our expense. We will refund the cost of shipping.

FACTORY PRICES we furnish the highest grade bicycles for possible to make at one small profit above actual factory cost. You save \$10 to \$25 middleman's profits by buying direct of us and have the manufacturer's guarantee behind your bicycle.

YOU WILL BE ASTONISHED when you receive our beautiful catalogues and study our superb models at the wonderful low prices we can make you pay. We sell the highest grade bicycles for less money than any other factory. **WE PAY THE FREIGHT** and **WE SHIP** second hand bicycles.

SECOND HAND CYCLES We do not regularly handle second hand bicycles, but usually have

number of hand taken in trade by our Chicago retail stores. These we clear out promptly at prices

NO MORE TROUBLE FROM PUNCTURES Nails, Tacks, or Glass will not let the air out. A hundred thousand pairs sold last year.

DESCRIPTION: Made in all sizes. It is a simple, light and easy riding, very durable and lined inside with a special quality of rubber which never becomes porous and which closes up small punctures without allowing the air to escape.

We have hundreds of letters from satisfied customers who have written to us to say they have been pumped up once or twice in a week, sometimes many nights, than an ordinary tire, the puncture-repairing qualities being given by several layers of thin, specially prepared fabric on the tread. The regular price of these tires is \$10.00 per pair, but for advertising purposes we are making a special factory price to the rider of only \$4.00 per pair. All orders shipped same day we have examined and found them entirely as represented.

We will allow a discount of four per cent (four dollars) on orders of \$100.00 or more if paid in full cash with order and enclose this advertisement. You run no risk in sending us an order as the tires make no difference in price and money sent to us is as safe as any reason they are not satisfactory on examination. We are perfectly reliable, run faster, last longer and look finer than any tire you ever saw. Send us your order at regular price and we will give you a special discount.

IF YOU NEED TIRES don't wait for a sample tire. Write to us for a sample tire on approval and trial at the regular price. We will give you a sample tire on approval and trial at the regular price until you are satisfied. We will give you a sample tire on approval and trial at the regular price.

DO NOT THINK OF BUYING a bicycle or a pair of tires until you see our catalogues and descriptive bargain lists mailed free.

DON'T WAIT for a sample tire from anyone until you know the new and wonderful offers we are making. It only costs a postage to mail everything. Write it now.

J. L. MEAD CYCLE COMPANY, CHICAGO, ILL.

Rush Marble and Granite Works OF BEDFORD, PA.



Telephone for Prices Before You Pick

With Rural Bell Telephone Service at your command, all the markets and commission merchants are always within easy reach; you pick and ship your fruit or produce when you learn—by telephone—that the market is "RIGHT."

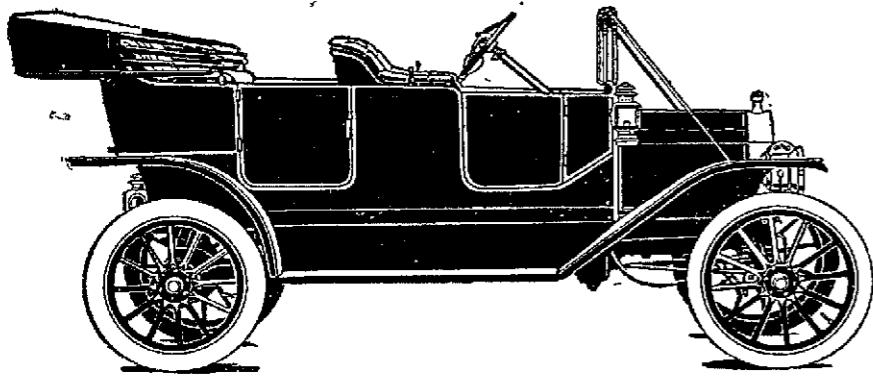
No more wearisome trips to town to find the markets over-loaded. The telephone saves all that, and is just as important as the reaper or the plough on every farm.

Write to-day for our new booklet, "What Uncle Sam Says about the Rural Telephone. It is free.



C. D. and P. Tel. Co.
M. S. Enfield, Mgr.
Bedford, Pa.

\$690 **\$690**



The car that shows the greatest economy of repairs, runs the longest on a set of tires, rides the farthest on a gallon of fuel, is the best to buy, provided the initial cost is right and the cost of a *Ford* is right, that is the reason we have sold 20 *Fords* to Bedford Co. people this year. You see them wherever you go and they are going wherever you see them.

UNION GARAGE
BLACKWELDER & PEPPLE
Agents for Ford and Buick Automobiles.

Pennsylvania Railroad

Personally-Conducted Excursions

to

Niagara Falls

July 18, August 1, 15, 29. September

12, 26, October 10, 1912.

\$9.80 Round Trip from Bedford

Special Train of Pullman Parlor Cars,

Dining Car, and Day Coaches run-

ning via the

Picturesque Susquehanna Valley Route. Tickets good going on Special Train and connecting trains, and good return on regular trains within FIFTEEN DAYS. Stop-off within limit allowed at Buffalo returning.

Illustrated Booklet and full information may be obtained from Ticket Agents.

Tours to Thousand Islands, July 18, August 15 and 29; Maritime Provinces, July 24, Montreal, July 31; Adirondacks, July 31; Muskoka Lakes, August 1; Quebec, August 7; Yellowstone Park, August 10; Great Lakes, September 12.

Bedford Presbyterian Church
R. W. Illingworth, Minister
Sabbath School 10 a. m.; morning worship 11 o'clock; evening service 7:30; prayer meeting Wednesday 7:30 p. m.

Trinity Lutheran Church
H. E. Wieand, Pastor

Friday evening preparatory services at 7:45; Sunday School next Sunday at 9:45; Communion on Lord's Supper at 11 o'clock; Christian Endeavor at 6:45 p. m.; at 7:30 p. m. Mrs. Beegle of Springfield, O., will speak.

St. Clairsville Reformed Charge
J. W. Zehring, Pastor

Sunday, July 7: Osterburg—Sun-

day School 9; preaching 10:15 a. m.

King—Sunday School 1; preaching

2:15 p. m.

ESTABLISHED 1838

The place with the right prices to buy

GARDEN TOOLS

GARDEN SEEDS

GARDEN PLGWS

LAWN MOWERS

LAWN RAKES

SICKLES

SCREEN DOORS

SCREEN WINDOWS

SCREEN WIRE (all widths)

WASHING MACHINES

NEW PERFECTION OIL

STOVES

STEP LADDERS

WHEELBARROWS

POULTRY NETTING

PAINT

PAINT BRUSHES

CARPENTER TOOLS

is at

BLYMYER'S

Telephone or mail orders given prompt attention.

COUNTY PHONE 57x

Card of Thanks

H. B. Kniseley of Friend's Cove desires to express his appreciation for the aid and acts of kindness extended by his friends and neighbors during his suffering caused by a broken leg. He also thanks George Lutz and Harry England for aiding him by plowing his corn ground.

Buy your Films for your Camera at Dull's.

Wanted, For Sale, For Rent, Etc.,

RATES—One cent per word for each insertion. No advertisement accepted for less than 15 cents.

For Rent—Stable; apply to J. W. Penrose, Bedford.

Fresh Fish at Ben Smith's on Wednesdays, Fridays and Saturdays.

For Sale—8,000 celery plants; 30 cents per hundred. Joseph B. May, Bedford, Pa.

For Sale—Twelve Black Minorca laying hens and rooster. A. J. Otto, Bedford. July 4-2t.

For Rent—Three office rooms on second floor in Ridener Block. J. W. Ridener, Bedford. Jan. 5-tf.

Wanted—2,000 telegraph poles from 35 to 65 feet in length. A. B. Egolf, Bedford.

For Sale—Locust Posts and Wire Fence; Gasoline Engines, \$50 and up. W. F. Cromwell, Bedford, Pa.

Wanted—A blacksmith. Apply to A. B. Brightbill and Son, Bedford, Pa.

For Sale—Lehigh Portland Cement, strongest and best; 4 tons baled straw, good price. Davidson Bros., Bedford.

Sulpho-Muro is a perfect and sure cure for colic in horses. Get it at Heckerman's or have it mailed from Ed. D. Heckerman, the Druggist.

Wanted—Girl to do general housework; wages \$3.50 to \$4 per week. Apply to Mrs. A. Hoffman, Bedford, Pa.

For Sale—Cabbage, cauliflower and celery plants; all orders given prompt attention. Ross A. Spragg, 225 S. East Street, Bedford.

Don't suffer with headache. Wear Murdock's properly fitted glasses. Graduate of two of the best Optical Colleges in United States.

Dr. Gump has three fresh cows for sale, with calves by them. Also three fine Berkshire boars, each weighing over one hundred pounds.

We have put in stock and will continue to carry a complete line of photographic supplies, films, plates, etc. Ed. D. Heckerman, the Druggist.

For Sale—Two bedroom suites, spring wagon and surrey—all in good condition. Apply to Tom McNamara, Bedford. July 4-2t.

The Best Dry Battery on Earth for gasoline engines, automobiles and gas lighting machines at Heckerman's Drug Store, Bedford, Pa.

For Sale—Stock of General Merchandise, with or without building. Call or address John P. Cuppett, Mann's Choice, Pa., or 106 Juliana Street, Bedford.

The best thing in the world forlice in coops, on animals or poultry, and fleas on dogs is Sanax Dip and is sold at Heckerman's Drug Store, Bedford, Pa.

Waterman's Ideal Fountain Pen—the best and most satisfactory pen and every one guaranteed. Makes an ideal Graduation Gift. Just received a new selection. When you want Quality get it at Murdock's.

Wanted—Farmer in Virginia, having two or three children large enough to help milk and farm; with or without team. Fine chance. Also second hand buggy and harness for sale, good and exceedingly cheap. Call soon at 509 Juliana Street, Bedford, Pa. A. M. Byers.

For Sale—M. P. Heckerman offers at private sale on the most reasonable terms, his elegant home, corner of East John and Bedford Streets. This home has fourteen rooms, heated by hot water and lighted by electricity. Also the house and lot where Albert Hughes lives in west end of town, and also a number of lots adjacent to this house now occupied by Albert Hughes. Address Box F, Bedford, for particulars. Jan 5-tf.

Return Those Nails
Notice is hereby given that those who stole nails from my property at X-Road school house are known and will be prosecuted unless the nails are returned. GEORGE BUSH.

NOTICE

As so many of my customers have paid up this month, I will not leave my books with the magistrate for another month.

J. W. RIDENER.

LEARN TO FLY AN AEROPLANE

NOW is the time. School now starting. Special low rates to applicants to start. Motor, propeller, construction and flying thoroughly taught. The field for Aviators is large. Get in at the start. Send for prices and terms to

THE GUARANTEE COMPANY,
P. O. Box 614, Harrisburg, Penna.
June 7-10

FOR SALE

House in Hyndman. Good lot on Cleveland St., 50x150 feet; good 4-room house and outbuildings, grapes and fruit. Price \$450; terms cash. Apply to

MRS. F. W. WILSTISON,
8 South Liberty Street, Cumberland.

DIED

HETZEL—On Tuesday, July 2, Mrs. Anna B., wife of John J. Hetzel of Martinsburg, W. Va., died at Berkeley Springs, W. Va., where she had gone to spend the summer. Interment will be made at Everett, her former home.

LAYTON—Wednesday morning, June 26, Mrs. Simon Layton died near Gapville, aged 68 years. She was born in Germany in 1844. The funeral services were held at Mt. Pleasant Lutheran Church on Friday.

SPECIAL SALE

during the month of July, at Barnett's Store, promises to be one of the greatest money-saving events that has ever happened in this community. Nothing but clean, first class merchandise will be offered at this sale. Just a few of the savings are noted below:

Bleached Sheets, former price 50c--- now 39c
Alabama Cheviot Shirting, former price 10c--- now 7c

"Fearless" 36 inch Bleach Muslin, same grade as "Fruit of Loom" and better than "Hill", former price 11c--- now 7 $\frac{1}{4}$ c

9-4 Brown Sheeting, former price 23c--- now 18c

9-4 Bleached " " " 25c " 20c

Bleached Pillow Cases " " " 12c " 9c

36 inch Percales " " " 12 $\frac{1}{2}$ c " 9c

Galatea Cloth " " " 18c " 11c

Lancaster Ginghams " " " 08c " 06c

Best Brands Calico " " " 07c " 05c

Heywood Shoes and Oxfords for men, former price \$4.00--- now \$2.85

E. P. Reed's Shoes and Oxfords reduced from \$3.00 to \$2.48 for this sale

30c Corn Brooms now 22c

Sharp reductions in Carpets and Matting during this July Sale.

Don't fail to take a day off and come to Barnett's Store and share in the reductions we are offering during this month. Granulated Sugar for this Sale 5 1-2c. All the different models in Sewing Machines at cost during July---now is your opportunity.

Barnett's Store
THE HOUSE THAT SAVES YOU MONEY

LAND OF EASY DIVORCES.

In the Barbary States it is "Woman Take Thy Goods and Go."

Always over the head of the Arab woman hangs the shadow of divorce. Nowhere in the world does the law so facilitate the separation of man and wife as in those lands so fittingly named the Barbary states.

If an Arab grows tired of his wife's looks or her actions or her dress, if he wishes to replace her with another or if he is weary of married life and does not need any wife at all he does not need to go to the trouble or nominal expense of divorcing her, but gets rid of her instead by the simple process of "repudiation," which consists in saying to her, "Woman, get thee hence; take thy things and go."

For the man this is a case of "heads

I win, tails you lose," for, though he is

free to marry again, the woman is not

and can obtain a legal release only by

returning to him the money which he

paid for her.

Without her husband's consent a woman

can obtain a divorce only if she is

able to prove that he beats her with

out sufficient provocation, if he re

fuses her food, clothing or shelter or

if she discovers a previous wooing on

her husband's part, for all previous

betrothals or offers of marriage, even

though the lady refused him, constitute

grounds for divorce. — Metropolitan

Magazine.

A ROYAL SNUB.

The Czar Handed It to Louis Napoleon and Got It Back.

It has been urged by a French au-

thor that Napoleon III entered into

the Crimean war on the side of Great

Britain because he had been well re-

ceived in the London clubs during

his sojourn in that country. But there

might have been another potent factor